

## TS1 – Disease Match Answer Sheet

Answer Sheet

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| 1.Infectious Microbe | Disease |
| Bacteria | Bacterial meningitis, Chlamydia, MRSA |
| Virus | HIV, Chickenpox, Flu, Measles, Glandular fever |
| Fungi | Thrush |

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| 2.Symptoms | Disease |
| Asymptomatic | Chlamydia, MRSA |
| Fever | Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis |
| Rash | Bacterial meningitis, Chickenpox, Measles |
| Sore throat | Flu, Glandular fever |
| Tiredness | Glandular fever |
| Lesions | HIV |
| White discharge | Chlamydia, Thrush |

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| 3.Transmission | Disease |
| Sexual contact | Chlamydia, HIV, Thrush |
| Blood | Bacterial meningitis, HIV |
| Touch | Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, MRSA |
| Inhalation | Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis |
| Mouth to mouth | Flu, Glandular fever |

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| 4. Prevention | Disease |
| Wash hands | Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, MRSA, Bacterial meningitis |
| Cover coughs and sneezes | Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis |
| Use a condom | Chlamydia, HIV, Thrush |
| Avoid unnecessary antibiotic use | MRSA, Thrush |
| Vaccination | Chickenpox, Measles, Flu |

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| 5. Treatment | Disease |
| Antibiotics | Chlamydia, Bacterial meningitis, MRSA |
| Bed rest | Chickenpox, Glandular fever, Measles, Flu |
| Antifungals | Thrush |
| Fluid intake | Chickenpox, Glandular fever, Measles, Flu |

Point to note: MRSA is an antibiotic resistant bacterium, it is specifically resistant to methicillin and some other commonly used antibiotics. Its resistance status is attributed to the overuse and misuse of this and other antibiotics. Treatment is still via antibiotic therapy, however, MRSA is also developing resistance to these as well.